

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO TABLES

Definitions of international investment position items are harmonized with IMF guidelines.

II INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC RELATIONS

International Investment Position

The International Investment Position (IIP) of the Republic of Serbia is prepared in line with the Sixth Edition of the IMF's Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (BPM6), and the accompanying methodological documents.

The IIP is compiled quarterly and shows the stock at the period-end, stemming from performed balance of payments transactions, currency, price and other changes, and represents the stock of its external financial assets and liabilities.

Standard IIP components concern primarily assets and liabilities on the structural side, and direct investments (equity and debt instruments), portfolio investments (equity and debt securities), financial derivatives and other investments (other equity, currency and deposits, loans, insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes, trade credit and advances, other accounts receivable/payable and SDR allocation), and reserve assets (monetary gold, SDRs, reserve position with the IMF, other reserve assets, currency and deposits, securities, financial derivatives and other receivables) on the functional side. The definitions of standard IIP components are methodologically fully aligned with components of the balance of payments financial account. The IIP separately shows the following sectors: central banks, governments, deposit institutions other than central banks, and other sectors. IIP components (where appropriate) are also shown by original maturity, with the division into short-term (up to one year) and long-term (over one year) financial assets/liabilities. The main sources of data are reports on credit-financial transactions submitted to the NBS, the ITRS performed through banks and the NBS, direct reports of enterprises, reports of NBS monetary-financial statistics and reports on FX reserves management.